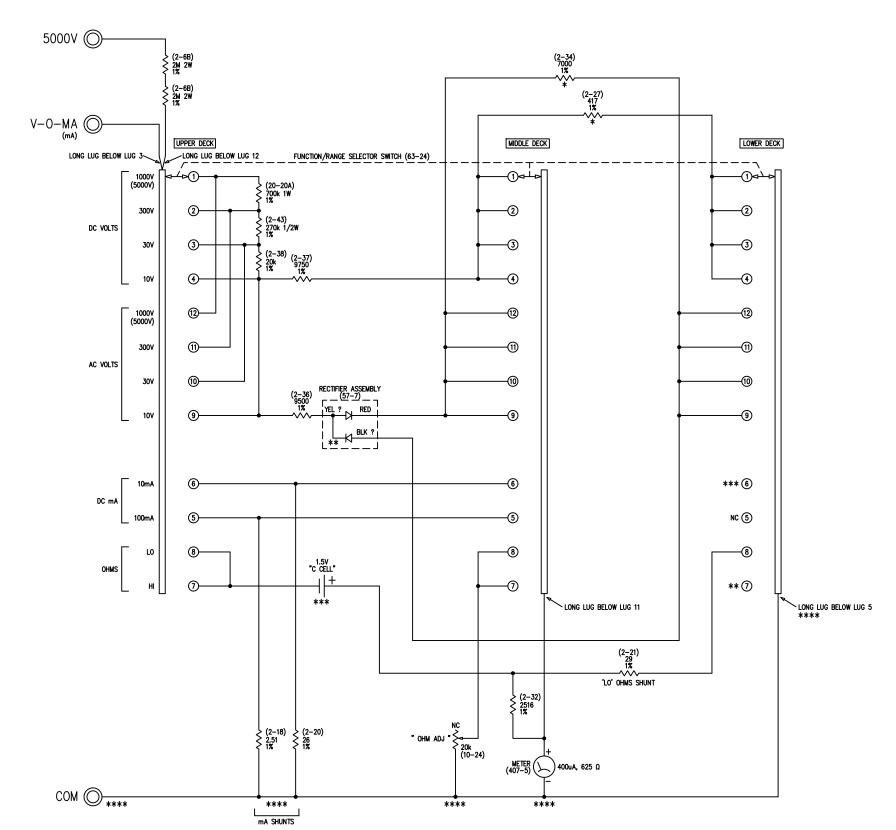
## EXAMPLE CALCULATIONS USING SIMPLIFIED FUNCTION CIRCUITS



- ALL RESISTANCES ARE SHOWN IN OHMS UNLESS MARKED 'k' (KILO) OR 'M' (MEGA).
  RESISTOR WATTAGES OF 1W OR 2W ARE AS MARKED IN HEATHKIT DOCUMENTATION. OTHER WATTAGES SHOWN HERE ARE BASED ON APPROPRIATE VALUES ACCORDING TO CIRCUIT STUDY. ALL OTHER RESISTORS ARE 1/4W. RESISTORS ARE ALL
- ITEMS. THE ATTHIRT PART NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR MOST COMPONENTS IN ( ).

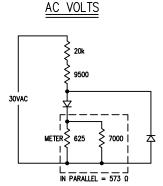
  THE + SIDE OF THE RECTIFIER WILL HAVE A RED WIRE. THE COLORS FOR THE OTHER TWO RECTIFIER WIRES ARE NOT SHOWN IN HEATHKIT DOCUMENTATION, AND AS SHOWN HERE ARE BASED ON STUDY OF TWO M-1 METERS.
- THE SCHEMATIC WALL STILL FITTING ON A NORMAL 11 X 17" SHEET OF PAPER.
- 7) THE COPYRIGHT HOLDER HEREBY GIVES PERMISSION TO FREELY DISTRIBUTE THIS DOCUMENT, AS LONG AS NO ALTERATIONS ARE MADE AND CREDIT IS GIVEN, ALONG WITH THE COPYRIGHT NOTICE.

- \* ONE OF THESE TWO SHUNT RESISTORS GETS CONNECTED ACROSS THE METER WHILE IN DC VOLTS OR AC VOLTS.
- \*\* CENTER WIRE FROM RECTIFIER CONNECTS TO OTHER COMPONENTS VIA A TIE POINT (DUMMY LUG 7 ON SELECTOR SWITCH LOWER SWITCH DECK/WAFER); THERE IS NO SWITCH CONTACT ASSOCIATED WITH THIS LUG.
- \*\*\* BATTERY (+) WIRE CONNECTS TO OTHER COMPONENTS VIA A TIE POINT (DUMMY LUG 6 ON SELECTOR SWITCH LOWER DECK/WAFER); THERE IS NO SWITCH CONTACT ASSOCIATED WITH THIS LUG. THE 2516 OHM AND 29 OHM RESISTORS ALSO CONNECT TO DUMMY LUG 6.
- \*\*\*\* Long Lug 5 on the selector switch lower deck/wafer is a tie point for the 'com' terminal on the front panel, and also for the 2.51 ohm and 26 ohm resistors. Long Lug 5 is also electrically common (via the lower deck rotor) with long Lug 8 on the same deck/wafer, and meter (-) and one side of the "Ohm add" potentiometer connect to that same Lug.

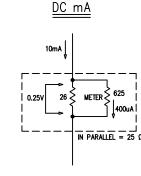
## DC VOLTS > 9750 30VDC $\mid$ 0.25V $\mid$ METER $\stackrel{>}{\lesssim}$ .625 400uA IN PARALLEL = 250 Ω

- USING 30VDC RANGE IN THIS EXAMPLE SERIES RESISTANCE = 20k + 9750 + 250 = 30k 30V APPLIED / 30k = 1mA 1mA x PARALLEL 250  $\Omega$  = 0.25V

- 0.25V / 625  $\Omega$  METER = 400uA THROUGH METER, GIVING A FULL SCALE READING OF 30V



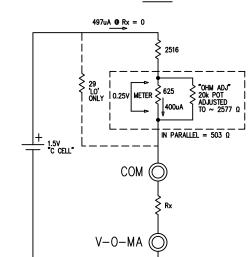
- SIMILAR TO DC VOLTS
   RESISTANCES ARE CHANGED TO ACCOUNT FOR RECIFIER VOLTAGE DROP, HALF WAVE RECIFICATION WITH PASSIVE FILTERING VIA METER MOVEMENT'S DAMPING ACTION, ETC.
  METER SHUNT RESISTOR CHANGED TO MAKE METER
  LESS SENSITIVE
- METER BYPASSED ON NEGATIVE HALF OF AC
- MAZEFORM
  CALCULATIONS ARE NOT SHOWN SINCE
  CHARACTERISTICS OF RECTIFIER ARE NOT KNOWN
  AND DEGREE OF METER DAMPING IS NOT KNOWN



- USING 10ma range in this example in 10ma range, meter with 26  $\Omega$  shunt in
- PARALLEL IS 24.96  $\Omega$  (25  $\Omega$ ) 10mA THROUGH 25  $\Omega$  = 0.25V
- 0.25V / 625  $\Omega$  = 400uA THROUGH METER, GIVING FULL SCALE READING OF 10mA
- IN 100ma range, parallel meter and 2.51  $\Omega$  shunt = 2.499  $\Omega$  (2.5  $\Omega$ ) 100ua through 2.5  $\Omega$  = 0.25V

- 0.25V / 625  $\Omega$  = 400uA THROUGH METER, GIVING FULL SCALE READING OF 100mA

## OHMS



- USING 'HI' OHMS RANGE IN THIS EXAMPLE ASSUMING  $\mbox{Rx} = 0 \ \Omega$
- ASSUMING TO THE ASSUMING THE ASS

- DEFLECTION, FOR A READING OF 0  $\Omega$  (EQUAL TO Rx)
- Now assuming  $r_x=3100~\Omega$ , all other assumptions are the same as above total resistance = 6119~\Omega, main current = 245ua 245ua x 503~\Omega= 0.123V across meter movement

- 2430H A 303 W = 0.1229 MATCHOUGH METER, GIVING APPROXIMATELY HALF SCALE READING, WHICH IS ABOUT 31 ON THE OHINS SCALE. BECAUSE METER IS IN THE "II" OHINS RANGE, THE READING MUST BE MULTIPLIED BY 100 TO GET THE FINAL RESISTANCE, SO 31 X 100 = 3100 Ω (EQUAL TO Rx)
- Now changing the meter to the 'Lo' ohms range, an additional shunt resistance of 29  $\alpha$  is placed across all internal meter
- SHUNT RESISTANCE OF 29 Q IS PLACED ACROSS ALL INTERNAL METER RESISTANCES (BUT NOT ACROSS THE EXTERNAL RX)

  THE NEW SHUNT, PLUS THE LOWER RESISTANCES LIKELY TO BE USED IN THE LVO 'OHMS RANGE, RESULTS IN A MUCH HIGHER CURRENT FROM THE 1.5V CELL, BUT MOST OF THIS CURRENT FLOWS THROUGH THE SHUNT RATHER THAN THROUGH THE RESISTANCES IN THE NORMAL METER CIRCUIT RESISTANCES SUCH THAT 99% OF THE CURRENT FROM THE 1.5V CELL FLOWS THROUGH THE NORMAL METER CIRCUIT RESISTANCES SUCH THAT 99% OF THE CURRENT FROM THE 1.5V CELL FLOWS THROUGH THE NORMAL METER SUBCIRCUIT, STILL GIVING THE CORRECT RESISTANCE VALUE WITHOUT NEEDING TO MULTIPLY THE OHMS SCALE NUMBER BY 100

HEATHKIT M-1 "HANDITESTER" VOM / MULTIMETER SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM