

S1E ALWAYS CLOSED EXCEPT IN OHMS POSITIONS

FOR MEASURING RESISTANCE, THE BLACK TEST LEAD GOES IN THE 'COM' JACK AND THE RED TEST

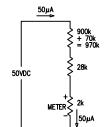
LEAD GOES IN THE '+' JACK THE FUNCTION / RANGE' SWITCH MUS BE SET TO WHICHEVER OF THE

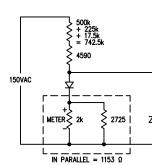
THREE OHMS RANGES IS

APPROPRIATE, EITHER 'Rx1'.

EXAMPLE CALCULATIONS USING SIMPLIFIED FUNCTION CIRCUITS

DC VOLTS





AC VOLTS



USING 50VDC RANGE IN THIS EXAMPLE RESISTANCES IN 50V ATTENUATOR = 970k

- SERIES RESISTANCE = 970k ATTENUATOR + 28k 2k METER = 1M Ω
- 50V APPLIED / 1M Ω = 50 μ A 50 μ A THROUGH METER GIVES A FULL SCALE
- USING 150VAC RANGE IN THIS EXAMPLE SIMILAR TO DC VOLTS RESISTANCES ARE CHANGED TO ACCOUNT FOR RECTIFIER VOLTAGE DROP, HALF WAVE RECTIFICATION WITH PASSIVE FILETRING VIA METER
- MOVEMENT'S DAMPING ACTION, ETC.
 METER SHUNT RESISTOR ADDED TO MAKE METER LESS SENSITIVE
- METER RYPASSED ON NEGATIVE HALF OF AC METER BYPASSED ON NEGATIVE HALF OF AC WAVEFORM, THIS AVOIDS ISSUE OF REVERSE LEAKAGE ON THE PRIMITIVE METAL RECTIFIER IN SERIES WITH THE METER MOVEMENT CALCULATIONS ARE NOT SHOWN SINCE CHARACTERISTICS OF RECTIFIER ARE NOT KNOWN AND DEGREE OF METER DAMPING IS NOT KNOWN
- USING 15mA RANGE IN THIS EXAMPLE
 IN 15mA RANGE, SHUNT RESISTORS 15 + 1.17 + 0.483 + 0.0167 Ω = 16.67. 3k IN SERIES WITH 2k METER = 5k. 16.67 Ω IN PARALLEL WITH 5k =

 $METER \lesssim 2k$

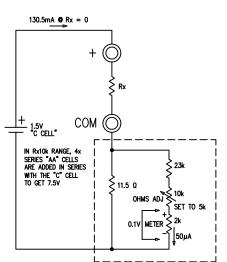
IN PARALLEL = 16.61 Ω

DC mA

15mA

16.67

- 16.61 Ω 15ma Through 16.61 Ω = 0.25V 0.25V / 5k = 50 μ A Through Meter, giving full scale reading of 15ma
- IN OTHER RANGES, SOME RESISTANCE IS REMOVED FROM BEING IN SERIES WITH THE METER MOVEMENT, AND ADDED TO THE PARALLEL SHUNT RESISTANCE, CHANGING THE RATIO OF METER AND SHUNT RESISTANCES, THUS THE PROPORTION OF CURRENT THROUGH THE SHUNT AND CURRENT THROUGH THE METER CHANGES.



<u>OHMS</u>

- using 'Rx1' ohms range in this example assuming Rx = 0 Ω The 23K resistance shown is comprised of two resistors in SERIES, 1138 0 + 21,85k, AS SELECTED BY THE RANGE SWITCH S1F(2) ASSUMING "OHM AD," POTENTIOMETER IS SET TO ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF ITS ROTATION, Sk THE 11.5 Q SHUNT RESISTOR IS ALWAYS PART OF THE CIRCUIT WHILE IN ANY OHMS RANGE

 - ANT OF THE PARALLEL COMBINATION OF 11.5 \(\Omega\$ AND 30k \)
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 - 1.5V / 11.49 $\Omega=130.5$ ma from the "C" cell 130.5ma x 11.49 $\Omega=1.5$ V across the parallel resistances (this is obvious when Rx = 0, but this calculation is more useful WHEN RX HAS SOME OTHER VALUE); THE VOLTAGE ACROSS THE PARALLEL RESISTANCES WILL CHANGE ACCORDING TO THE VALUE OF RX
 - PARALLEL RESISTANCES WILL CHANGE ACCORDING TO THE VALUE OF RX $11.5~\Omega$ / 30k = 0.00038 (The Ratio) 130.5 m/ x 0.00038 = 50 j/a Through the resistance branch having the meter movement, giving a full scale deflection of the meter, WHICH POINTS TO 0 Ω Position on the ohms scale (this agrees
 - NOW ASSUMING Rx = 12.5 Ω , all other assumptions are the same

 - AS ADOVE

 TOTAL PARALLEL RESISTANCE (EXCEPTING Rx) IS THE SAME AS ABOVE

 TOTAL RESISTANCE = 23.99 Q, SO MAIN CURRENT = 62.5mA

 62.5mA X 0.0033 RATIO = 24µA THROUGH METER MOVEMENT, GIVING

 APPROXIMATELY HALF SCALE READING, WHICH IS ABOUT 12.5 Q ON THE OHMS SCALE (THIS AGREES WITH THE $Rx = 12.5 \Omega$)
 - As the range switch changes to the ratio or rator positions, the 11.5 $\,\Omega$ shunt increases while the 23k resistance decreases by a smilar amount, thus changing the ratio of current that flows through the shunt compared to what current flows through the shunt compared to what current flows through the meter movement. This results in less overall CURRENT, WHICH CORRESPONDS TO THE GREATER EXPECTED RX VALUE, WITH THE RESULT THAT THE METER WILL STILL READ CORRECTLY

50μA

- 1) ALL RESISTANCES ARE SHOWN IN OHMS UNLESS MARKED 'K' (KILO) OR 'M' (MEGA).
 2) RESISTOR WATTAGES OF 1W OR 2W ARE AS MARKED IN HEATHKIT DOCUMENTATION. ALL OTHER RESISTORS ARE PRESUMED TO BE 1/2W. RESISTORS ARE ALL WIREWOUND TYPES.

IN PARALLEL = 11.49Ω

- OLD STYLE HEATHKIT PART NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR MOST COMPONENTS IN ().
- HEATHKIT'S DOCUMENTATION AND THE GRAPHICS ON THE MM-1 METER USE 'M' FOR 'MILLI', RATHER THAN THE MODERN 'm'.
 THE METER USES TWO SELECTOR SWITCHES; THE 'RANGE/FUNCTION' SWITCH 'SI' HAS THREE DECKS, EACH WITH TWO SIDES (WAFERS). WAFERS A & B ARE ON THE DECK CLOSEST TO THE FRONT PANEL (SIA & SIB), WAFERS C & D ARE ON THE MIDDLE DECK (SIC & SID) [SIC IS BLANK], AND WAFERS E & F ARE ON THE REAR DECK (SIE & SIF). ON THIS SCHEMATIC, WAFER SIF IS SHOWN DIVIDED INTO TWO PARTS, SIF(1) & SIF(2), FOR REASONS OF LAYOUT CLARITY. THE 'POLARITY' SWITCH 'S2' LIKEWISE HAS TWO DECKS, WITH WAFER S2A BEING THE FRONT SIDE OF THE DECK CLOSEST TO THE FRONT PANEL [THIS WAFER IS BLANK], S2B BEING THE REAR SIDE OF THAT DECK, AND WAFERS S2C & S2D BEING THE FRONT AND REAR SIDES WATER IS BLAND, SZE BEING INE REAR SUIC OF THAT LEGAD, AND WATERS SZE OF LAYOUT REASONS. ON THIS SCHEMATIC, SOME OF THE MORE COMPLEX CONTACT ARRANGEMENTS REQUIRED DEPICTING PARTS OF THESE ROTARY SWITCHES AS SIMPLISTIC SWITCHES AS CONTACT ARRANGEMENTS REQUIRED DEPICTING PARTS OF THESE ROTARY SWITCHES AS SIMPLISTIC SWITCHES AS CONTACT ARRANGEMENTS REQUIRED DEPICTING PARTS OF THESE ROTARY AND ANALYSE OF THE WATER SWITCH ARE UNDERSTOOD TO MOVE TOCETHER, UNDER CONTROL OF THEIR KNOB SHAFT, WITHOUT THIS
- PARTS OF A CHECK SWITCH AND CONNECTING DASHED LINES, ETC.

 THIS SCHEMATIC WAS DRAWN, USING AUTOCAD, AS A MEANS TO GET A MORE LEGIBLE SCHEMATIC FOR THE HEATHKIT MM—1.

 AN EFFORT HAS BEEN MADE TO SIZE AND SCALE COMPONENTS AND TEXT FOR THE LARGEST AND BEST VISIBILITY AND LEGIBILITY WHILE STILL FITTING ON A NORMAL 11 X 17" SHEET OF PAPER.
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HEATHKIT MM-1 VOM / MULTIMETER SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM